

VOCABULARY WORDS

1. Logos: The written Word of God generally.
2. Rhema: The spoken Word of God specifically.
3. Strategy: A plan or layout.
4. Warfare: An armed struggle or battle and in this case pertaining to spiritual or supernatural.
5. Defense: Defending your territory once the enemy is there.
6. Offense: Being aggressive first and attacking the enemies before they get to your territory.
7. Propaganda: False news or report.
8. Breach: An opening or violation of a law.
9. Portal: A hole or door in a vessel.
10. Kingdom: An area ruled by a King.
11. Spiritual Warfare; A supernatural or spiritual battle.
12. Repent: To feel or express regret or remorse about one's wrongdoings.
13. Repentance: The action of expressing sincere regret or remorse with example of changing.
14. Justification: The action of being right with God.
15. Sovereign: A Supreme ruler.
16. Saved: Kept safe or rescued from harm or danger.
17. Dimension: A measurable extent of some kind, such as length, breadth, depth, or height.
18. Dispensation: Exemption from a rule or usual requirement.
19. Territory: An area of land under the jurisdiction of a ruler or state.
20. Devices: A plan, scheme or trick with a particular purpose.
21. Division: Disagreement between two or more groups or people producing hostility or tension.
22. Command: An authoritative order.
23. Battle: A fight or struggle between natural or unnatural forces.
24. Mortal: A living human being, often in contrast to a divine being.
25. Host: An animal or plant on or in which a parasite or organism lives.
26. Sanctify: Set apart or declare holy, consecrate.
27. Intercession: The action on intervening on the behalf of another.
28. Evolution: The process of which different kinds of organisms are thought to have developed.
29. Demonic: Resembling or characteristic of demons or evil spirits.
30. Deliverance: The action of being rescued or set free.
31. Transference: The process of redirecting something to another person.
32. Messenger: A person who carries a message to someone.
33. Omnipotent: All powerful pertaining to God.
34. Omniscient: All knowing pertaining to God.
35. Omnipresence: Present everywhere at the same time.
36. Spiritual Realm: A kingdom where spiritual or supernatural beings dwell
37. Physical Realm: A kingdom where humans or the human body dwells.
38. Emotional Realm: A kingdom or level of feelings, where emotions can also be seen as energy in motion.
39. Mental Realm: This is the Kingdom of the world of thought or consciousness.
40. Perfection: Spiritual growth or maturity.
41. Holy Ghost: The Spirit of God who is the Comforter, Teacher who reveals truth to believers.
42. Quench: To try to put out or extinguish the fire of the Holy Ghost by ignoring Him.
43. Grave: A place of burial for a dead body.

44. Isolates: To set or place apart; detach or separate so as to be alone.
45. Blaspheme: The act of or offense of speaking against the Holy Spirit.
46. Vex: To make someone feel frustrated, annoyed or worried with minor matters.
47. Tarrying: To remain or stay in one place; to linger in expectation of something.
48. Baptized: The ceremony of having been immersed in water as symbol of a believer being washed from sin.
49. Leadership: The act of leading a group of people or organization.
50. Faith: Complete trust or confidence in someone or something.
51. Mercy: Compassion or forgiveness shown toward someone whom it is within one's power to punish or harm.
52. Hospitality: Friendly and generous reception and entertainment of guest, visitors or strangers.
53. Administration: The process or activity of running a business, organization or etc.
54. Boulema: Refers to God's Sovereign will.
55. Thelema: Do what thou wilt shall be the whole law; Love is the Law, love under will.
56. Fleece: These are things that could occur naturally; carefully studying their situation for general indications of God's leading.
57. False Prophets: They usually are known by whatever they speak will not come to pass.
58. Emulation: Being a copycat or wanting to be just like someone else instead of being yourself.
59. Paradox: A self-contradictory statement that when explained may be proved to be true.
(Example) Die to Live
60. Oxymoron: A combination of words that have opposite or very different meanings.
61. Redemption: Act of redeeming or deliverance of sin.
62. Infidel: A person who does not accept a particular faith, especially Christianity.
63. Harmony: Agreement or concord.
64. Conformity: A type of social influence involving a change in belief or behavior in order to fit in with a group.
65. Illegitimate: Not recognized or as lawful offspring; not legal.
66. BCE: Before Common Error.
67. CE: Common Error
68. Doctrine: Article of Faith or belief.
69. Moral: A person's standards of behavior or beliefs concerning what is and is not acceptable for them to do.
70. Chronological: The order in which a series of events happened.
71. Transformed: To change in form, appearance, or structure.
72. Prerequisite: Having to do something first before you move onto something else.
73. Divination: The practice of attempting to foretell future events or discover hidden knowledge by occult or supernatural means.
74. Spiritual Maturity: Perfection or growing up.
75. Repetition: The action of saying things over and over that has already been said or written.
76. BC: Before Christ.
77. AD: Means Addo-Domini meaning during the age of Christ.
78. Compassion: Sympathetic pity and concern for the sufferings or misfortunes of others.
79. Markings: The use of different color pens or markers to help remember what you've learned.
80. Red: Salvation
81. Blue: Jesus
82. Green: Miracles
83. Brown: Creation
84. Religious: Believing in God or a group of gods and following the rules of a religion.
85. Righteous: right with God.

86. Doctrine: A particular principle position, or policy taught as of a religion or government.
87. Reproof: An expression of blame or disapproval.
88. Correction: A change that rectifies an error or inaccuracy.
89. Relevant: Closely connected or appropriate to what is being done or considered.
90. Plenary: A meeting or session attended by all participants at a conference or assembly.
91. Purpose: The reason for which something is done, created or exists.
92. Void: Completely empty, not valid or legally binding.
93. Symbol: A mark, sign, or character used to represent an object, function or process.
94. Laver: A large basin, bowl, or cistern used by the priests in the temple for washing of sacrifices.
95. Lasciviousness: Severe or overly extreme desire or lust.
96. Application: Interpreting the word through by the Holy Spirit and using it in daily life.
97. Progressions: The process of developing over a period of time; going forward or onward.
98. Connective(Words are as follows: but, and, or, as, like, for, because, if, that, and therefore
These are words that connects phrases, clauses or individual words.
99. Bible: The Christian scriptures all 66 books from Genesis to Revelation... inspired by God.
100. Christology: The study of Christ.
101. Pneumatology: The study of The Holy Spirit.
102. Theology: The study of God.
103. Bibliology: The study of the Bible.
104. Angelology: The study of good angels.
105. Demonology: The study of demons or of bad angels.
106. Satanology: The study of Satan.
107. Anthropology: The study of man.
108. Soteriology: The study of salvation.
109. Ecclesiology: The study of the doctrine of the Church.
110. Eschatology: The study of the last days.
111. Mandate: An official order or commission to carry out something.
112. Precept: A general rule intended to regulate behavior or thought.